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WEKA transmitters: Resistant output or current supplied voltage output (3-wire)					
Transmitter	Media temperature	Connection			
<u>29710</u>	-50°C +150°C	Cable	6		
29710-W	-50°C +350°C	Cable	7		

WEKA transmitters: Current output 420mA (2-wire)				
Transmitter	Media temperature	Connection		
<u>31967</u>	-50°C +150°C	Cable	8	
31967-W	-50°C +250°C	Cable	9	
31967-K	-50°C +150°C	Terminal box	10	
31967-KST	-50°C +150°C	Plug-in connector	11	

WEKA transmitters for hazardous areas: Intrinsically safe (Ex i)					
Resistant outpu	Resistant output, current supplied voltage output (3-wire) or current output 420mA (2-wire)				
Transmitter	Media temperature	Connection	Marking		
29710-NI	-50°C +150°C	Cable / resistant, voltage	II 2 G Ex ia IIC T4 Gb II 2 D Ex ia IIIC T115°C	12	
32607-NI	-50°C +150°C	Cable / current	II 2 G Ex ia IIC T4 Gb II 2 D Ex ia IIIC T115°C	14	

WEKA transmitters for hazardous areas: Flameproof enclosures (Ex d) Resistant output, current supplied voltage output (3-wire) or current output 420mA (2-wire)				
Transmitter	Media temperature	Connection	Marking	
29710-ND	-50°C +150°C	Cable / resistant, voltage	II 2 G Ex db IIC T6 Gb II 2 D Ex tb IIIC T85°C Db	16
32608-ND	-50°C +150°C	Cable / current	II 2 G Ex db IIC T6 Gb II 2 D Ex tb IIIC T85°C Db	18

WEKA transmitter	s for use with HART®, Profibus PA® or Foundate	ion Fieldhue IM convertor module into	rfana	
	•	ion Fleidbus ···· converter module inte	riace	
4ZumA current c	utput or resistance output			
	WEKA transmitters with resistance output or	current supplied voltage output		
Transmitter	Media temperature Connection	Protection class	Zone	
29710-R	-50°C +150°C Cable	Non-hazardous	-	20
29710-R-NI	-50°C +150°C Cable	Exi	Zone 1 and 2	21
29710-R-W	-50°C +350°C Cable	Non-hazardous or Ex i *	Zone 1 and 2	22
29710-R-ND	-50°C +150°C Cable	Ex d	Zone 1 and 2	23
	* The transmitter can be used as a simple election	rical appartus as defined by EN60079-11		
HART® converter,	eady to connect, mounted in junction box			
Converter	Description	Compatible transmitters	}	
HART 37383	HART® converter in IP65 metal enclosure	29710-R and 29710-R-\	V	24
HART 40038	HART® converter in IP65 metal enclosure with o	ligital display 29710-R and 29710-R-\	V	25
HART 37384	HART® converter - Intrinsically safe	29710-R-NI and 29710-	R-W	26
HART 38021 (Ex)	HART® converter - Flameproof enclosures	29710-R-ND		27
Profibus PA® and	Foundation Fieldbus™ converter, ready to co	nnect, mounted in junction box		
Converter	Description	Compatible transmitters	;	
PA+FF 40268	Profibus PA® and FF™ converter in IP65 metal	enclosure 29710-R and 29710-R-\	N	28

Magnetostrictiv with 4- 20 mA c	ve transmitters current output (2-wire) with HA	ART® protocol			
<u>Installation</u>	Installation of magnetostric	ctive transmitters for WEK	A Visual Level Indicators		29
Transmitter	Media Temperatures:	Output	Note	Zone	
<u>38614</u>	-50°C +120°C	420mA		-	30
38614-W	50°C +250°C	420mA	for high media temp.	-	31
38614-NI	-40°C +450°C	420mA	Exi	Zone 1	32
38614-ND	-40°C +450°C	420mA	Ex d, with or without display	Zone 1	33

Ex-Info	Æ	Classification of hazardous zones and marking of equipment	34
Ex-5.7	(3)	Extract of standard of simple electrical apparatus	35
-			



Type code

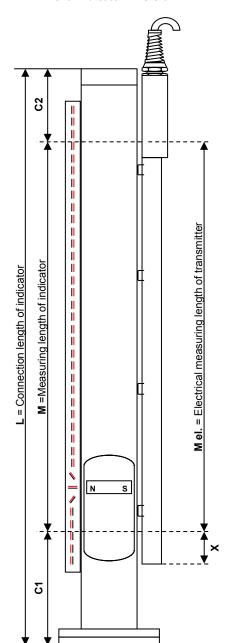
				01	0
	available for:	index:			
Type of transmitter	í		_		
3-wire: resistant output or current supplied voltage output		29710			
2-wire: 420mA current output, current sink		31967	1 1		
2-wire: Intrinsically safe Ex ia; 420mA current output, current sink		32607			
2-wire: Flameproof enclosures Ex d, 420mA current output, current sink		32608	1		
0		_			
Specialities Standard	Ī		ī		
Standard With resistant output for UART® Profibus RA® and Foundation Fieldhus III	20740	no marking			
With resistant output for HART®, Profibus PA® and Foundation Fieldbus™	29710	R BI			
Transmitter with bi-stable reed switch at the top end	29710 / 31967	Т Ві	1		
Execution					
Standard	ĺ	no marking	1		
for high media temperature	29710 / 31967	W			
with terminal box	31967	K			
with plug connector	31967	KST			
Intrinsically safe Ex ia	29710 / 32607	NI			
Flameproof enclosures, Ex id	29710 / 32608	ND			
Transproof cholosures, Exid	257 107 52000	I ND	1		
Size of resistance		_			
10 Ohm per step (not applicable for NI/ND)	all	010	1		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1	1	•		
Resolution		_			
5mm	all	05	1		
10mm	all	10			
	•	•	•		

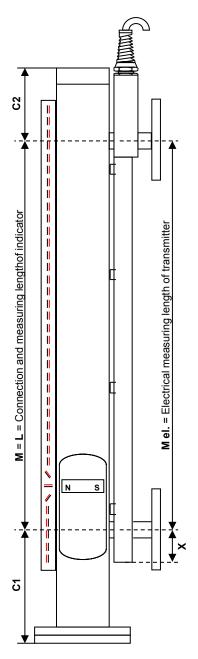


Transmitters for WEKA Magnetic Level Indicators Selection and Installation Instructions

Level Indicator A-version

Level Indicator K-version





Length between process connections Initiating point of transmitter Terminology: L = M = Measuring length (indication length) of level indicator M el. = Measuring length of transmitter 10 mm resolution -> X = 65 mm C1 = Bottom float extension 5 mm resolution -> X = 30 mmC2 = Top float extension 29710-R-xx version -> see datasheet

Visual level indicators version -A and -K are recommended for most applications.

Visual level indicators version -B and -O may require special dimensions and should be confirmed by WEKA before ordering.

Transmitter length: Type -K and -O magnetic level indicators:

> Mel. = M = L or M el. = according to customer order (<M)

Type -A and -B magnetic level indicators:

M el. = M M el. = according to customer order (<M)

When M el. < M, then a bi-stable reed switch is necessary. Note:

For transmitters type 29710-R-x-010-xx M el. must be > M.



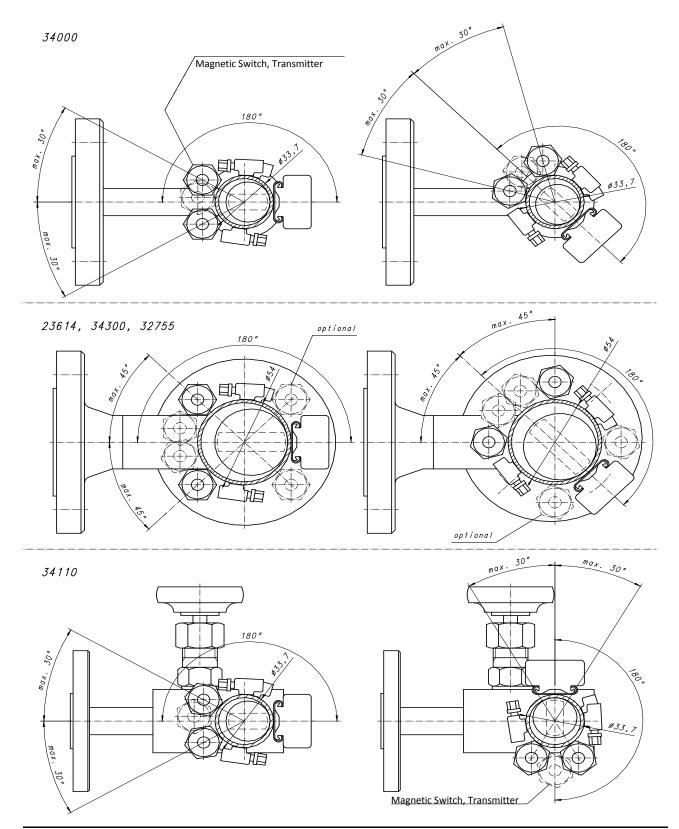
Installation Instructions (20010501) Transmitters for WEKA Visual Level Indicators

Mounting

Normal: Installation 180 °C opposite of the indication rail with the permitted tolerance according to the tube diameter (refer to layout below)

Cable exit upwards.

Variation: Mounting the Transmitter adjacent to the indication rail except for Smartline. Cable exit upwards.





Transmitters with high-limit bi-stable reed switches Installation and initial set-up

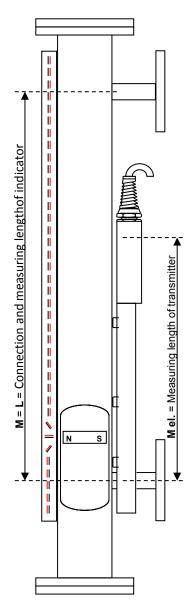


Figure 1

Identification Type XXXXX-Bi-xx-010-xx

Example 31967-Bi-W-010-05

Principles of operation:

The permanent magnet inside the float activates the reed switches of the transmitter depending on the vertical position of the float. This results in an electrical signal output proportional to the level of liquid in the indicator's float chamber.

If the float rises above the transmitter's measuring range (M el.), the value of the electrical signal output will jump to 115% of the total measuring range. This over-limit value of the signal will remain constant for any level above the total measuring range (M el.). See figure 2.

Since the over-limit output signal represents a non-defined level, a second high-limit bi-stable reed switch can be fitted.

This bi-stable reed switch closes when the south pole of the float's magnet reaches the high-limit level and remains closed while the float is at any level above this limit. It opens again when the float drops bellow this limit again. See figure 2.

Possible error condition:

If the bi-stable reed switch is closed due to any other reasons such as during transport, or forced by an external magnetic field, the output signal will be incorrect.

Corrective actions:

- Install the transmitter module 180° opposite to the indication rail. See Installation Instructions, datasheet 20010501
- OR fill the vessel on which the level indicator is installed so that the float rises above the bi-stable reed switch. Empty the vessel, so the bi-stable reed switch is operated through one complete close-open cycle.
- OR pass a permanent bar magnet with its south pole pointing towards the transmitter downwards from top to bottom over the bi-stable reed switch and that the switch

As a result the level transmitter will give the correct output signal. See Figure 2.

Signal output with correctly adjusted transmitter

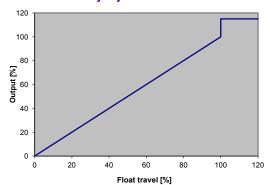


Figure 2

Faultive signal output with closed bi-stable reed-switch

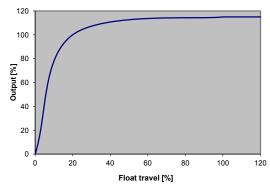


Figure 3